

## Appendix L

### Economic Status of Families on Intake into the Family Centers and Outcome During 2001-2002 Program Year

	New Families				Continuing Families				All Families			
	Intake		Outcome		Intake		Outcome		Intake		Outcome	
	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%
<b>Income Level<sup>f</sup></b>	(n=663)				(n=606)				(n=1269)			
Less than \$5,000	74	11%	76	12%	57	9%	29	5%	131	10%	105	8%
\$5,001 to \$10,000	83	13%	87	13%	74	12%	70	12%	157	12%	157	12%
\$10,001 to \$15,000	106	16%	100	15%	81	13%	69	11%	187	15%	169	13%
\$15,001 to \$20,000	69	10%	60	9%	54	9%	45	7%	123	10%	105	8%
\$20,001 to \$25,000	44	7%	42	6%	48	8%	38	6%	92	7%	80	6%
\$25,001 to \$30,000	38	6%	38	6%	32	5%	35	6%	70	6%	73	6%
\$30,001 to \$35,000	17	3%	18	3%	27	5%	35	6%	44	4%	53	4%
\$35,001 to \$40,000	14	2%	20	3%	34	6%	29	5%	48	4%	49	4%
Over \$40,000	35	5%	36	5%	45	7%	52	9%	80	6%	88	7%
No information, Refused to answer	183	28%	186	28%	154	25%	204	34%	337	27%	390	31%
<b>Average Income (mean)</b>	\$16,555 <sup>a</sup>		\$16,750 <sup>b</sup>		\$19,570 <sup>ac</sup>		\$21,020 <sup>bc</sup>		\$17,900 <sup>c</sup>		\$18,660 <sup>c</sup>	
<b>Sources of Income<sup>g</sup> (% said 'Yes')</b>	(n=689)				(n=869)				(n=1558)			
Employment	402	58% <sup>d</sup>	412	60% <sup>c</sup>	607	70% <sup>d</sup>	617	71% <sup>c</sup>	1009	65%	1029	66%
Alimony or child support	82	12%	82	12%	80	9% <sup>c</sup>	118	14% <sup>c</sup>	162	10% <sup>c</sup>	200	13% <sup>c</sup>
Public Assistance	175	25%	168	24%	213	25%	219	25%	388	25%	387	25%
Retirement, pension, or social security	33	5%	38	6% <sup>c</sup>	41	5% <sup>c</sup>	28	3% <sup>c</sup>	74	5%	66	4%
Disability or SSI	90	13%	85	12%	100	12%	115	13%	190	12%	200	13%
Private aid	2	0%	2	0%	1	0%	2	0%	3	0%	4	0%
Supported by friends or relatives	40	6%	42	6%	67	8% <sup>c</sup>	43	5% <sup>c</sup>	107	7% <sup>c</sup>	85	6% <sup>c</sup>
Unemployment compensation <sup>h</sup>	26	4% <sup>d</sup>	27	4% <sup>c</sup>	10	1% <sup>d</sup>	13	2% <sup>c</sup>	36	2%	40	3%
Worker's compensation <sup>i</sup>	3	0%	2	0%	4	1%	3	1%	7	1%	5	1%
Other source of income <sup>i</sup>	14	2%	12	2%	8	2%	5	1%	22	2%	17	2%
Cannot determine, Refused to answer	39	6%	36	5%	17	2%	24	3%	56	4%	60	4%
<b>Receipt of Public Assistance<sup>f</sup> (% said 'Yes')</b>	(n=689)				(n=647)				(n=1336)			
Transportation	29	4% <sup>c</sup>	39	6% <sup>c</sup>	26	4%	20	3% <sup>c</sup>	55	4%	59	4%
Nutritional subsidy (WIC, Food stamps)	312	45%	304	44%	287	44% <sup>c</sup>	256	40% <sup>c</sup>	599	45% <sup>c</sup>	560	42% <sup>c</sup>

TANF	139	20%	145	21%	113	18%	124	19%	252	19%	269	20%
SSI	90	13%	96	14%	92	14%	88	14%	182	14%	184	14%
Housing (rent or utility subsidies)	132	19% <sup>d</sup>	129	19%	96	15% <sup>d</sup>	113	18%	228	17%	242	18%
Child care subsidies	55	8%	56	8%	39	6%	49	8%	94	7%	105	8%
Educational assistance (financial aid)	25	4%	27	4%	14	2%	17	3%	39	3%	44	3%
Child support	87	13%	98	14%	74	11%	87	13%	161	12% <sup>e</sup>	185	14% <sup>e</sup>
Other assistance	30	4%	29	4%	33	5% <sup>e</sup>	20	3% <sup>e</sup>	63	5%	49	4%
<b>Type of Housing<sup>f</sup></b>	<b>(n=668)</b>				<b>(n=627)</b>				<b>(n=1295)</b>			
Rental	272	41%	262	39%	239	38%	230	37%	511	40%	492	38%
Own	199	30% <sup>d</sup>	208	31% <sup>e</sup>	240	38% <sup>d</sup>	255	41% <sup>e</sup>	439	34% <sup>e</sup>	463	36% <sup>e</sup>
Subsidized housing	69	10%	71	11%	73	12%	79	13%	142	11%	150	12%
Public housing	63	9% <sup>d</sup>	64	10% <sup>e</sup>	29	5% <sup>d</sup>	33	5% <sup>e</sup>	92	7%	97	8%
Shelter	13	2%	11	2% <sup>e</sup>	6	1%	2	0% <sup>e</sup>	19	2%	13	1%
Living with relative or friend	44	7%	41	6%	33	5%	22	4%	77	6%	65	5%
Homeless	6	1%	5	1%	2	0%	1	0%	8	1%	6	1%
Refused or Do not know	2	0%	6	1%	5	1%	3	1%	7	1%	9	1%

a Continuing families' values at intake are significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) than new families' values at intake (based on independent t-tests).

b Continuing families' values at outcome are significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) than new families' values at outcome (based on independent t-tests).

c Intake values are significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) than outcome values within the category (based on paired t-test).

d Continuing families' values at intake are significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) than new families' values at intake (based on Pearson chi-square statistic).

e Continuing families' values at outcome are significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) than new families' values at outcome (based on Pearson chi-square statistic).

f Participants were not asked this question until the 1999-2000 program year.

g Participants were not asked this question until the 1996-1997 program year. Three components of the question were added at later dates (see footnotes 'h' and 'i')

h Participants were not asked this component of the question until the 1997-1998 program year. Consequently, percentages in this row are based on only 835 continuing families who submitted complete responses on both the intake and outcome forms.

i Data on these components of the question were not collected for all program years. Consequently, percentages in these rows are based on only 393 continuing families who submitted complete responses on both the intake and outcome forms.